

Effective Date: 8 Oct 2021

Amended:

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1. Sunway University targets to become a Sustainable Institution of Higher Learning by 2030 embedding the 17 Sustainable Development Goals in our Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) practices.
- 1.2. Sunway University building and infrastructure are thoughtfully designed and constructed to meet the requirements of Green University Building Certification.
- 1.3. Retro commissioning typically focuses on energy-using equipment such as lighting, air-condition and mechanical ventilation (ACMV), and building controls with the goal of identifying maintenance and operational changes to improve comfort and achieve energy savings. Retro commissioning can increase the energy efficiency of buildings by 5-10% or more.
- 1.4. New expansion and construction of new campus spaces are well designed according to principles of green buildings.

The following sections lays out the guidelines for work to construct, renovate or retrofit University space. Additional guidance may be sought from Facilities Services Department in the planning of facilities enhancement projects.

#### 2. Guidelines for Construction & Retrofitting Green Building

No.	Description		
<u>Landscape</u>			
1	Invasive plants shall be removed from the building project site and destroyed or disposed of in a land fill. Invasive plants are not allowed to be planted on the building project site.  2018 International Green Construction Code (IgCC) Section 5.3.3.1		
2	To provide vertical greenery system on building facades (eg. podium carpark floors etc.) with ≥ 25% of external wall areas for new building.  GreenRE		
Stormwater Management			
3	To use Siphonic Rainwater Discharge System on roof.  GreenRE		
4	To create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) for all construction activities associated with the project.  a. Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff or wind erosion;		



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No	Description	
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	b. Prevent sedimentation of storm sewer or receiving stream;	
	c. Prevent polluting the air with dust and particular matter.	
	GBI	
	The use of tar sealants shall be prohibited in any application exposed to stormwater,	
	wash waters, condensates and irrigation water.	
5		
	2018 International Green Construction Code (IgCC) Section 5.3.4.6	
Archite	ectural, ID & Structural	
	Hardscape	
	Paving materials with a minimum initial solar reflectance index (SRI) of 29. A default	
	SRI value of 35 for new concrete without added colour pigment is allowed to be used	
6	instead of measurements.	
	2018 International Green Construction Code (IgCC)	
	Section 5.3.5.1	
	Open-graded (uniform-sized) aggregate, permeable pavement, permeable pavers,	
	and porous pavers (open-grid pavers). Permeable pavement and permeable pavers	
7	shall have a percolation rate of not less than 2 gal/min·ft2 (100 L/min·m2).	
	2018 International Green Construction Code (IgCC) Section 5.3.5.1	
	Walls	
8	To use low volatile compound (VOC) paints certified by local certification body (e.g.	
	SIRIM Eco-Label, SGLS, SGBP etc.).	
	Partitioning for office rooms along the window bay areas are not allowed. If	
9	partitioning along the window bay area is unavoidable, transparent glass partition is	
	preferred over gypsum board partition.	
10	The erection and installation of partition shall not in any way obstruct or impair	
	effective performance of air conditioning system, mechanical and electrical services.	
Roof		
4.1	To provide roofing material with solar reflectance index (SRI):	
11	a. Low-Sloped Roof ≤ 2:12, SRI ≥ 64;	
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b. Steep-Sloped Roof > 2:12, SRI ≥ 25.		
(the SRI values shall be based on a minimum three-year-aged solar	reflectance and	
thermal emittance, as measured in accordance with CRRC S100, an	d shall be	
certified by the manufacturer)		
2018 International Green Construction Code (IgCC)		
Section 5.3.5.3.		
Roofs used to shade or cover parking and roofs over semi heated s	paces, provided	
that they have a minimum initial SRI of 29.		
2018 International Green Construction Code (IgCC)		
Section 5.3.5.3.		
To provide renewable energy (eg. Solar PV) for building developme	nt.	
13		
GBI		
Internal Building		
Large fan can be introduced at strategic locations to assist in air circ	culation creating	
an airy space for the user.		
Daylight are brought in where needed to reduce the need for artific	cial light.	
15		
GBI	f 000/ -f NI A	
To design building achieving ambient internal noise level (40dBeq)  (Architecture partition and M&E equipment consideration)	TOT 90% OT NLA.	
16 (Architecture partition and Mac equipment consideration)		
GBI		
To use Non-Chemical Termite Treatment System.		
17		
GreenRE		
To provide non chemical water treatment system (consing > 500/ et	f total capacity)	
To provide non-chemical water treatment system (serving ≥ 50% of <b>18</b>	total capacity).	
GBI		
To use low VOC adhesives and sealant certified by local certification	n body (eg. SIRIM	
19 Eco-Label, SGLS, SGBP etc.).		
To use low veletile compound (VOC) points cortified by local cortifi	antion had : /ar	
To use low volatile compound (VOC) paints certified by local certific SIRIM Eco-Label, SGLS, SGBP etc.).	cation body (eg.	
20 SIRIIVI ECO-LADEI, SGLS, SGBP etc.).		
GBI		



Effective Date: 8 Oct 2021

No.	Description	
21	All luminaires to use high frequency ballasts or LED drives.	
	To provide motion sensors for all common area toilets and staircases area.	
22	(To manage the motion sensor location and control)	
22		
	GreenRE	
23	To include planning for façade mounted solar panels as source of renewable energy (eg. Solar PV) for new building development.	
	Lighting in any area within a building that is required to be continuously illuminated	
24	for reasons of building security or emergency egress.  (- MS 1525: Max 3w/m2 for service illuminance, 20Lux for service area.	
	- Priority of Emergency illumination shall comply to Fire protection code)	
MOE		
<u>M&amp;E</u>		
	Plumbing Fixtures and Fittings	
	Water closets (toilets)	
_	- For single-flush, maximum flush volume shall not exceed 1.28 gal (4.8 L).	
25	- For dual-flush, the full-flush volume shall not exceed 1.28 gal (4.8 L) per flush.	
	ASME A112.19.2 or ASME A112.19.14	
	<u>Urinals</u>	
20	- Maximum flush volume, when determined in accordance with ASME	
26	A112.19.2/CSA B45.1, shall not exceed 0.5 gal (1.9 L).	
	ASME A112.19.2 or ASME A112.19.19	
	<u>Urinals</u>	
27	- Maximum flush volume, shall not exceed 0.5 gal (1.9 L).	
	ASME A112.19.2/CSA B45.1	
	Public metering self-closing faucet	
28	- Maximum water use shall not exceed 0.25 gal (1.0 L) per metering cycle	
	ASME A112.18.2	
	Public metering self-closing faucet	
29	- Maximum water use shall not exceed 0.25 gal (1.0 L) per metering cycle	
	ASME A112.18.2	
ACMV Systems and Equipment		



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No.	Description
30	Once-through cooling with potable water is prohibited.
30	The water being discharged from cooling towers for air-conditioning
31	systems such as chilled water systems shall be limited in accordance with:  - For makeup waters having less than 200 ppm (200 mg/L) of total hardness expressed as calcium carbonate, by achieving a minimum of 5 cycles of concentration.  - For makeup waters with more than 200 ppm (200 mg/L) of total hardness expressed as calcium carbonate, by achieving a minimum of 3.5 cycles of concentration.  (Exception: Where the total dissolved solids concentration of the discharge water exceeds 1500 mg (1500 ppm/L) or the silica exceeds 150 ppm (150 mg/L) measured as silicon dioxide before the above cycles of concentration are reached.)
	2018 International Green Construction Code (IgCC) Section 5.3.5.3.  Cooling towers and evaporative coolers shall be equipped with makeup and
32	blowdown meters, conductivity controllers, and overflow alarms in accordance with the thresholds of cooling tower flow through tower > 500 gpm (30L/s).
	2018 International Green Construction Code (IgCC) Section 5.3.5.3
33	Cooling towers shall be equipped with efficient drift eliminators that achieve drift reduction to a maximum of:  - 0.002% of the recirculated water volume for counterflow towers  - 0.005% of the recirculated water flow for cross-flow towers
	LEED
34	To recover condensate water (accounting for ≥ 50% of total AHUs / FCUs) for use as cooling tower make-up water etc. (Connect all the condensate pipe discharge and pump back to cooling tower make up tank)
	GBI
35	To provide Sub-Water Meters for all landscape irrigation, swimming pools, water features, cooling towers, irrigation, common kitchens etc.
	GBI & GreenRE
36	To link all Sub-Water Meters to EMS (Energy Monitoring System) or BMS (Building Management System) for leak detection. (Digital submetering and connect to EMS or BMS)
	GBI & GreenRE



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37	To provide Air-Conditioning System with Good or Excellent Energy Efficiency Star Rating (low kWe/ton or high COP).  (Different rating and COP from different supplier)  GreenRE
38	Mechanical systems shall include controls capable of disabling exhaust fans and closing exhaust dampers whenever mechanical intake airflow is discontinued. (Sensor control or interlocking)  2018 International Green Construction Code (IgCC) Section 8.3.1.4.1

#### Note:

IgCC = International Green Construction Code

GreenRE = Green Real Estate

GBI = Green Building Index

ASME = American Society of Mechanical Engineers

LEED = Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design